Reg. No. :

Question Paper Code : 71433

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2015.

Eighth Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering

EC 2050/EC 804/10144 ECE 53 - MOBILE ADHOC NETWORKS

(Regulation 2008/2010)

(Common to PTEC 2050 – Mobile Adhoc Networks for B.E. (Part-Time) Seventh Semester — ECE – Regulation 2009)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Define ad Hoc Networks.
- 2. Differentiate infrastructure and infrastructure less network.
- 3. State the low power states of IEEE 802.15
- 4. Define scalability.
- 5. What is the function of the sequence number in the AODV routing protocol?
- 6. Why DSDV is not suitable for high mobility networks?
- 7. What are the different attacks possible over adhoc networks?
- 8. What are the issues to be considered while designing a transport layer protocol for AdHoc networks?
- 9. What is the need for cross layer design?
- 10. Differentiate 4G from 3G networks.

PART B — $(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$

11. (a) How the Path Loss and fading affects the wireless channel? Explain it.(16)

Or

- (b) (i) Compare Cellular and Ad Hoc Wireless Networks. (8)
 - (ii) What are the issues and challenges of Ad Hoc System? (8)
- 12. (a) (i) What are the advantages of reservation based MAC protocols over contention based MAC protocols? (8)
 - (ii) Compare and Constrast : IEEE 802.11a, IEEE 802.11b and IEEE 802.11g.
 (8)

Or

- (b) (i) With a neat diagram explain the protocol architecture of IEEE 802.15. (8)
 - (ii) Channel quality estimation can be done both at the sender and the receiver. Which is more advantages? Why? (8)
- 13. (a) (i) Is Table driven routing protocol suitable for high mobility environments? Justify your answer. (8)
 - (ii) How the route is established in AODV? Explain with an example.
 (adhoc network with 10 nodes).
 (8)

Or

- (b) (i) How the routing overhead is reduced in hierarchy routing.
 - (ii) What is the need for power aware routing protocol? How the energy efficiency is achieved by there protocols. (8)
- 14. (a) (i) Why does TCP not perform well in adhoc wireless networks? What are the changes made to traditional networks to suit adhoc networking environment. (8)
 - (ii) Briefly describe the attacks pertaining to the network layer. (8)

Or

- (b) (i) Explain how security provisioning in ad hoc wireless networks differ from that in infrastructure based networks? (8)
 - (ii) What are the different key management techniques used for Ad Hoc Networks? Explain threshold cryptography.
 (8)
- 15. (a) How the cross layer techniques optimize the routing in ad hoc networks.

(16)

(8)

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(b) What is the need to integrate ad hoc networks with Mobile IP? Explain. (16)

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